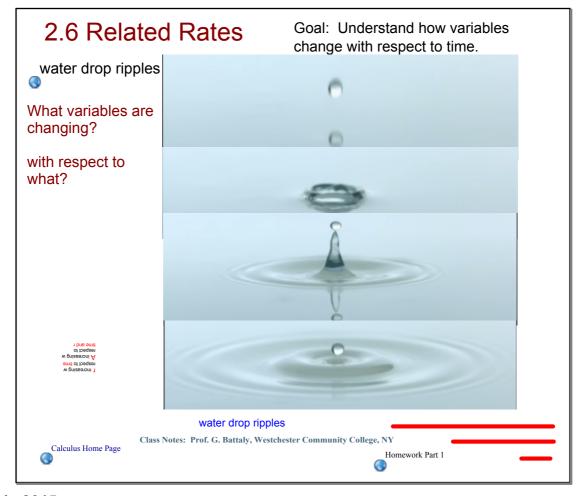
# 2.6 Related Rates

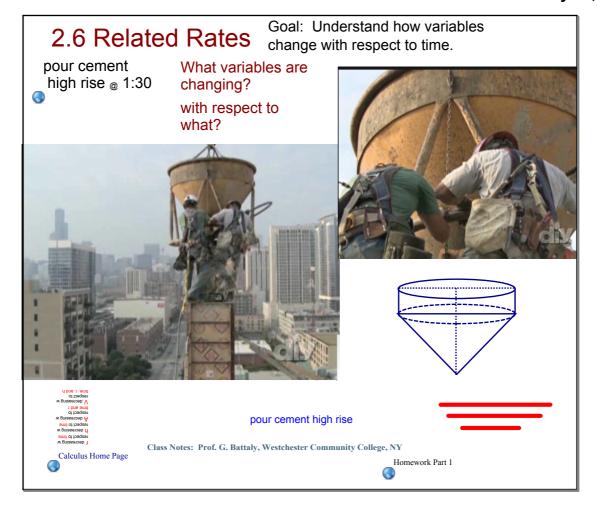
Study 2.6, p. 154 # 1-19, 21-25

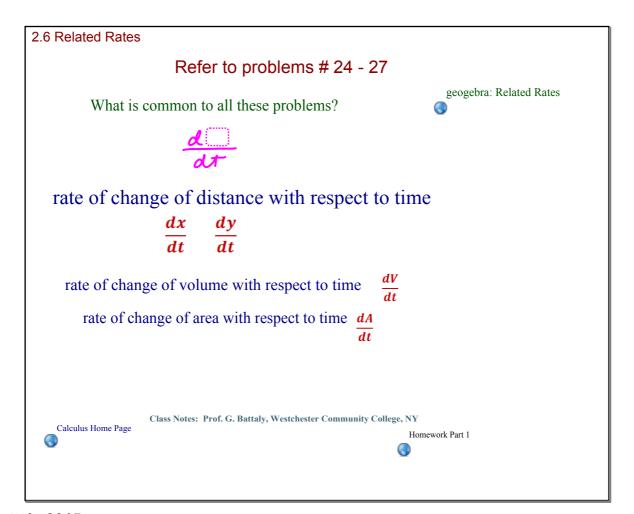
# Goal:

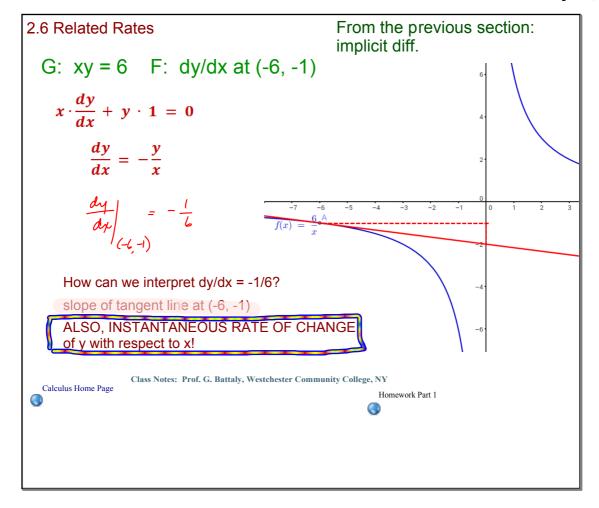
- 1. Understand how variables change with respect to time.
- 2. Understand "with respect to".

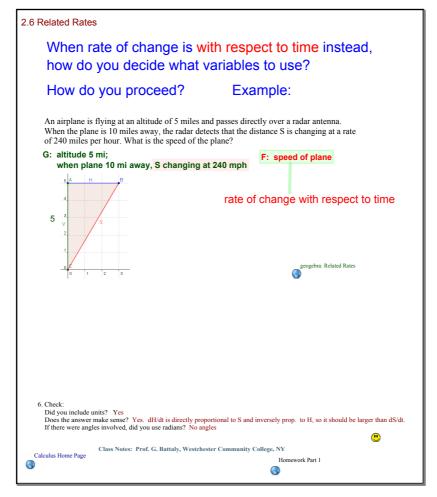












### 2.6 Related Rates

## step-by-step

#### **RELATED RATES:**

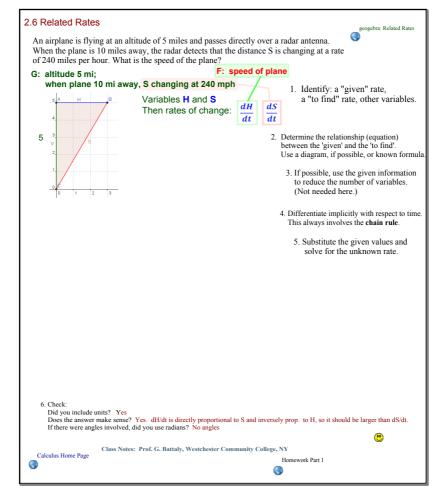
- 1. Identify: a "given" rate, a "to find" rate, other conditions
- 2. Determine the relationship (equation) between the given and the to find. Use a diagram, if possible, or known formula.
- 3. If possible, use the given information to reduce the number of variables.
- 4. Differentiate implicitly with respect to time. This always involves the chain rule. For example,

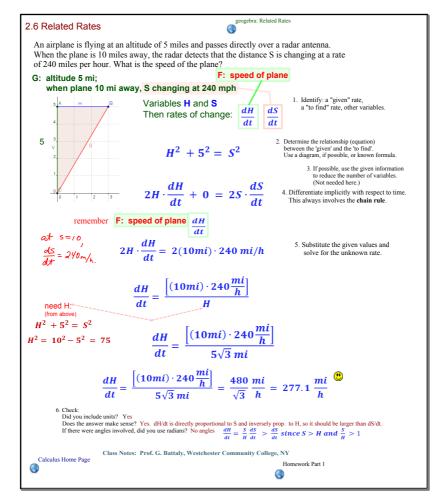
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{dV}{dr} \cdot \frac{dr}{dt} \qquad or \qquad \frac{dy}{dt} = \frac{dy}{dx} \cdot \frac{dx}{dt}$$

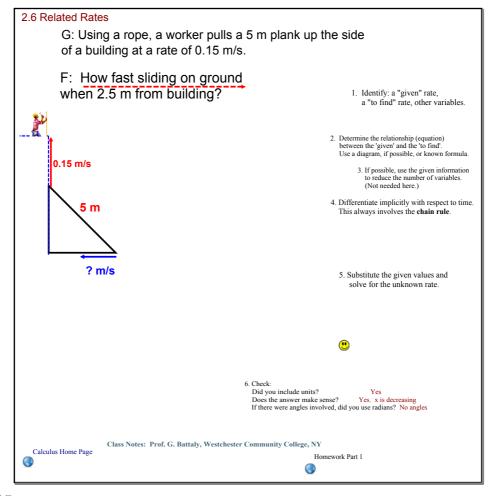
- 5. Substitute the given values and solve for the unknown rate.
- 6. Check:
- Did you include units?
- Does the answer make sense?
- If there were angles involved, did you use radians?

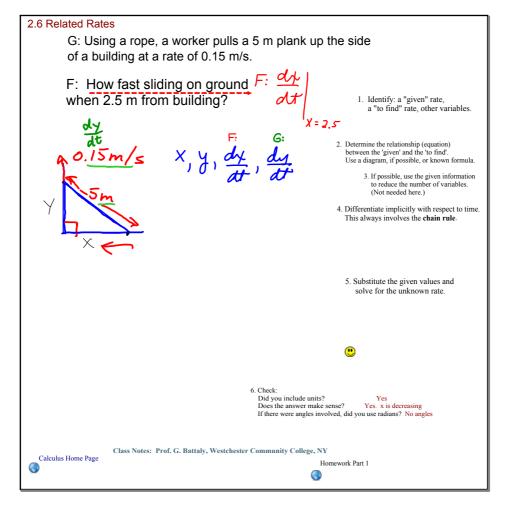
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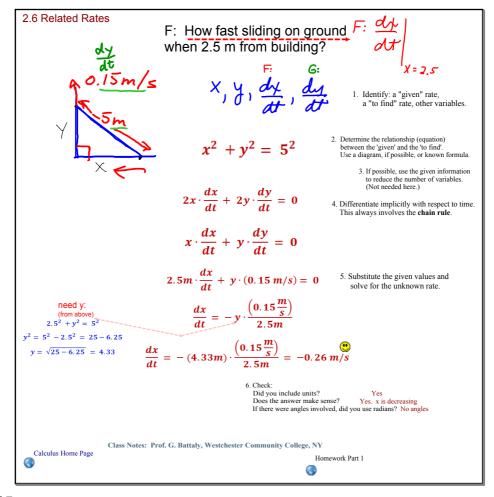
Homework Part 1

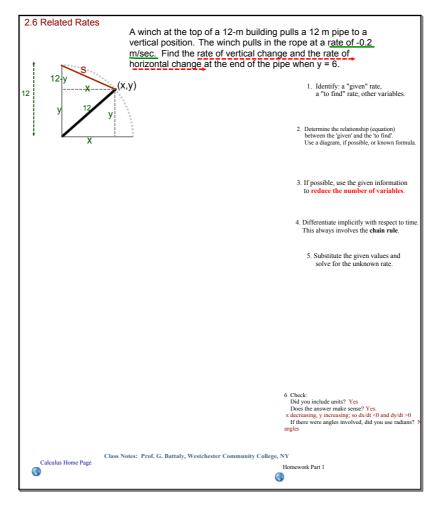


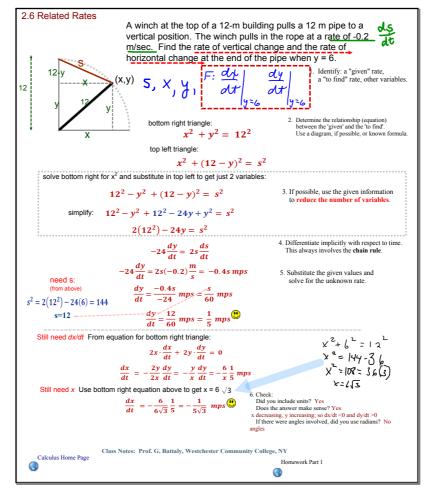












### 2.6 Related Rates

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Homework Part 1



2.6 Related Rates  $y = 4(x^2 - 5x)$   $\omega = \frac{dy}{dt}$   $\omega = 2$ = 4 ((2x-5) dx Class Notes: Prof. G. Battaly, Westchester Community College, NY Calculus Home Page Homework Part 1

#### 2.6 Related Rates

$$y = 4(x^2 - 5x)$$

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Homework Part 1

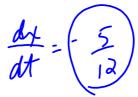


## 2.6 Related Rates

$$y = 4(x^2 - 5x)$$
b)  $F: \frac{dy}{dt} = 6: \frac{dx}{dt}$ 

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = 4\left(2 \times \frac{dy}{dt} - 5\frac{dy}{dt}\right)$$

$$5 = 4\left(2(1)\frac{dx}{dt} - 5\frac{dx}{dt}\right)$$

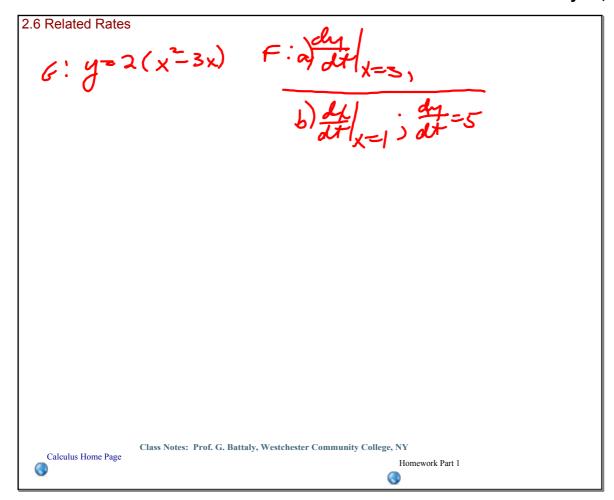


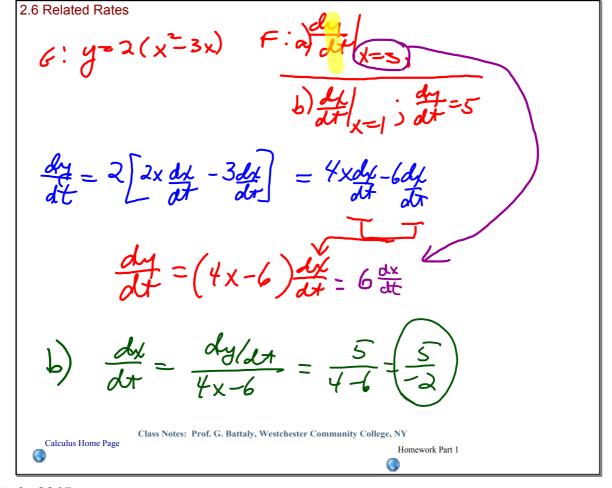
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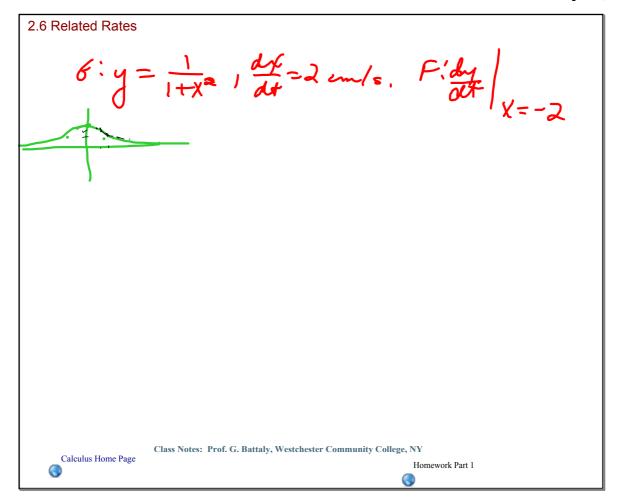
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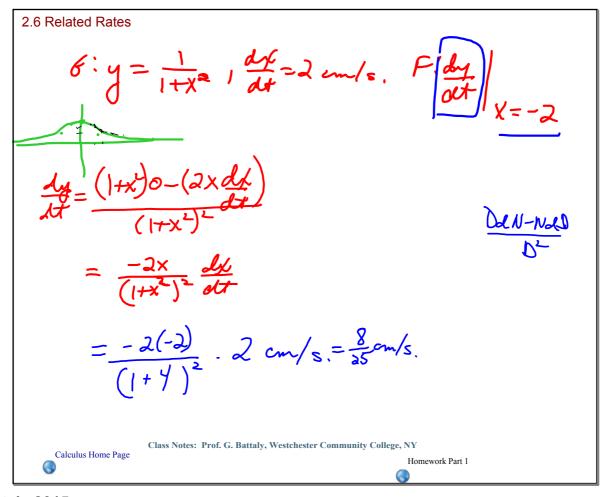
Homework Part 1

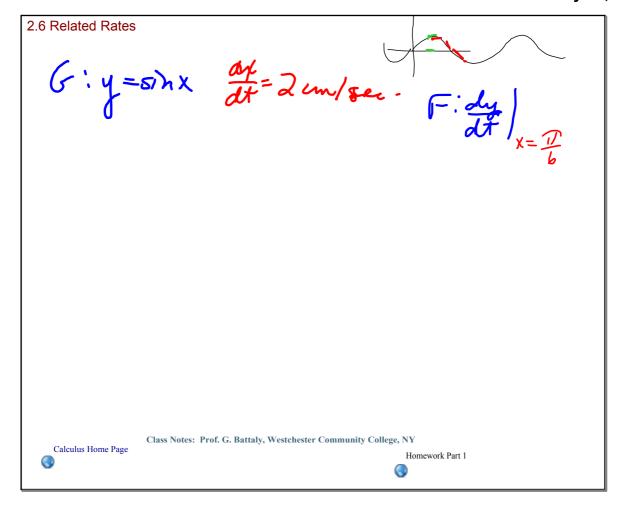


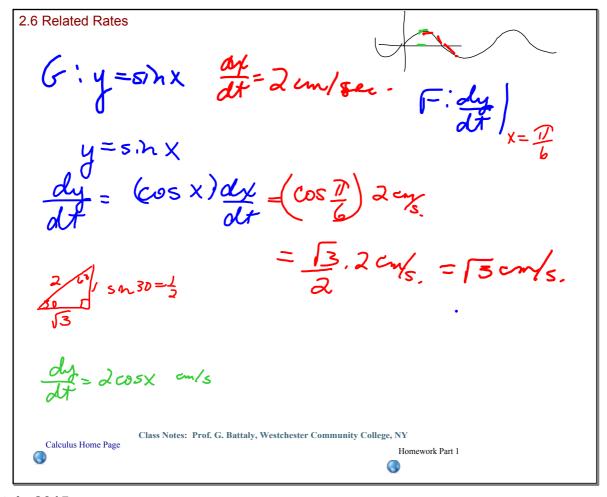




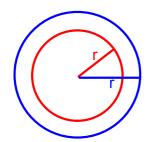








2.6 Related Rates



16. G: radius of sphere increases 3 in/min

F: rate of change of V when r = 9 in, r = 36 in

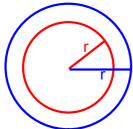
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2.6 Related Rates



16. G: radius of sphere increases 3 in/min

F: rate of change of V when r = 9 in, r = 36 in

$$V = \frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3}$$

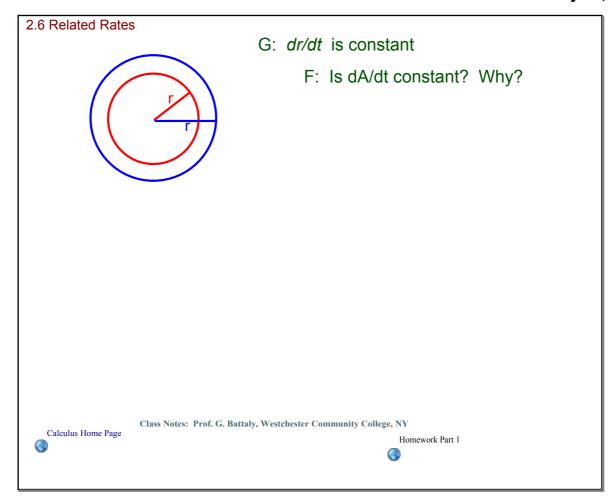
$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{4}{3} (3\pi r^{2}) \frac{dr}{dt} = 4\pi r^{2} (3) in/mh.$$

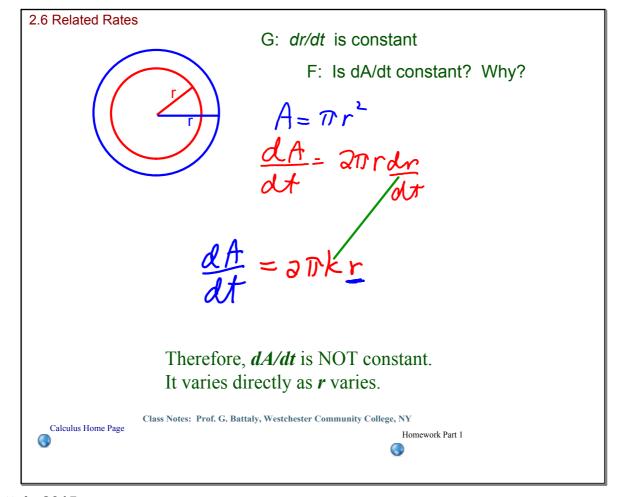
$$= 12 \pi r^{2} in/min.$$

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#### 2.6 Related Rates

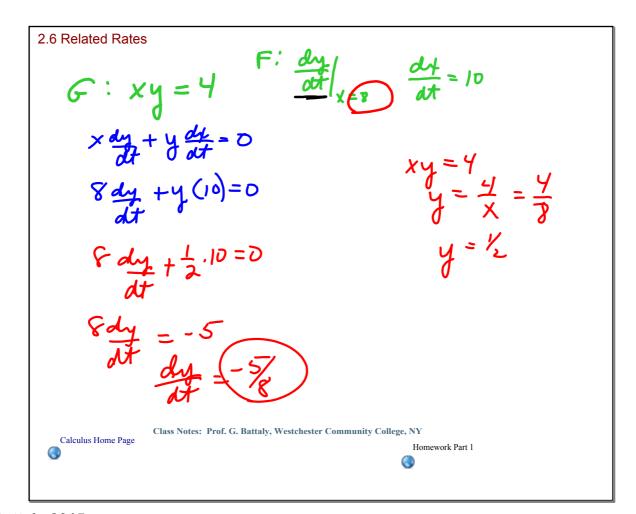
$$\frac{d4}{dt} = 10$$

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Homework Part 1





2.6 Related Rates Use Implicit Differentiation	
$y = 2x + x^3 - z$	Differentiate with respect to:
	t
	X
	Z
	y
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2.6 Related Rates Use Implicit Differentiation	
$y = 2x + x^3 - z$	Differentiate with respect to:
$\frac{dy}{dt} = 2\frac{dx}{dt} + 3x^2 \frac{dx}{dt} - \frac{dz}{dt}$	t
$\frac{dy}{dt} = 2 + 3x^2 - \frac{dz}{dt}$	x <
$\frac{dy}{dz} = 2\frac{dy}{dz} + 3x^2\frac{dy}{dz} - 1$	z <
$1 = 2\frac{dy}{dy} + 3x^2 \frac{dy}{dy} - \frac{dz}{dy}$	y
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